











### Aggregation for Anonymity

- built-in aggregation via recursive resolvers
  - replace end-user IP addresses
  - aggregate data from many users
  - ⇒ part of anonymization
- effects depend on observer's place in hierarchy
- open questions
  - can we estimate degree of aggregation?
  - can we identify (and filter when necessary) streams with insufficient aggregation?
  - what is the hierarchy, in practice?



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### Anonymization

- · lots of collection tools
  - tcpdump, dnscap+dnsqr, nmsg, LANDER, etc.
- fewer anonymization
  - tcpmkpub (ISCI), U. Md. extensions for DNS
- our approach
  - building on ISCI/U. Md. approach
  - anonymize each DNS label (+salt) via hash
  - · prefix-preserving anonymization of IPs (cryptopan)
  - · hash ID field
  - hashes don't fit in pcap => output to simple text format
  - applies to queries and replies (examine each reply)

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### Attacks on Anonymity

#### statistical attacks

- · stream with mix of frequent and infrequent labels
- adversary can identify frequent labels
- · very powerful attack, but probably doesn't show much that is a suprise

#### injection attacks

- · assume an adversary
  - can inject arbitrary queries
  - can observe anonymized results
- very powerful attack if part of injection is not anonymized
  - unusual query, special time, etc.
  - effectively creates a sidechannel

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### **Controlling Access**

- control access to traces to manage side-channel attacks
- legal agreement to access data
  - cannot attempt to de-anonymize
  - cannot redistribute data
- researcher-to-data
  - have researcher do analysis on provider's computers
  - provider has better control over local security and can audit analysis

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## **Separating Access**

- · risk comes from saying "A asked for B"
- · much less sensitive
  - "A asked for something"
  - and "someone asked for B"
  - and "reply for B is C"
- · idea: separate streams
  - separate request and reply streams
  - remove linkage information (timing and IDs)
  - prohibit external linkage
- · separate streams answer some research questions
- (work-in-progress)



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#### **Benefits**

- · enable new research
  - broader set of groups
  - new questions
- supported by publically available datasets
- perhaps sharing between commercial groups?
- open question: what questions can be done...
  - ...with anonymized data only?
  - ...started with anonymized, then moved?
  - what can definitely not be done

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## **Alternatives**

- many existing tools do DNS capture
  - our anonymization as optional back-end?
- some existing anonymization tools
  - tcpmkpub + U. Md. extensions
- regardless of choice of tool, sharing policy and IRB approaches benefit all



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- work-in-progress
- combining
  - complete anonymization
  - stream separation
  - policy and access control
- · ...to enable access to DNS data
- http://www.isi.edu/ant/



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