Infrastructure for Experimental Replay and Mutation of DNS Queries Liang Zhu, John Heidemann joint work with Wes Hardaker, Terry Benzel University of Southern California / Information Sciences Institute at CAIDA / AIMS Workshop / San Diego, 2016-03-02 @ **()** (s) Copyright © 2017 by John Heidemann Release terms: CC-BY-NC 4.0 international

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Challenge: Scale (in Many Dimensions)

- many zones
- multiple levels of DNS hierarchy
- · high rate queries
- diverse query sources
 - different RTTs (RTT matters!)





Challenge · Given a new idea about DNS... - privacy: TLS or DNScrypt or something else? - does gname minimisation need optimizations? - location: Client Subnet or EIL or something else? - can we improve response to stresses like DDoS? · how do we test it? - under real conditions today? - under potential conditions tomorrow? · rigorously - believed by peer-reviewers - and operators - and policy makers

Design Requirements

- · Avoiding traffic to the Internet
- Emulate complete DNS hierarchy, efficiently
- Manipulate queries arbitrarily

Our Approach: Trace Replay

- to explore "what if" scenarios with real data
- modeling is great, but often not definitive
 - DNS caching is really hard to model
 - and implementions vary from ideal

accurate, high-speed trace replay is essential to study many open questions



Avoiding Traffic to the Internet

- challenge
 - reproducability (same every time)
 - experiment shouldn't stress real world
 - replays can be large and repeated
- our approach
 - convert traces to zones
 - fill in missing data (absent due to caching)
 - host synthetic zones locally
 - (challenge: variant responses from servers)











