

# Multi-Omics Data in Environmental Health

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# Collaborative Team

## Population Health Scientists

## Data Scientists

## Bench Scientists

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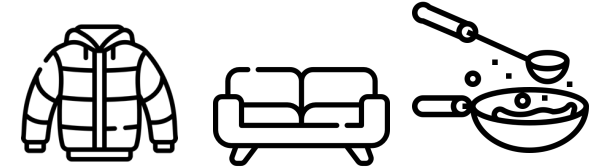
Ana Maretti, PhD

Department of Medicine

# How can we advance mechanistic insight linking the human exposome to health across the life-course?



Phthalates and Phenols



Persistent pollutants (PFAS)



*Biological Mechanisms*

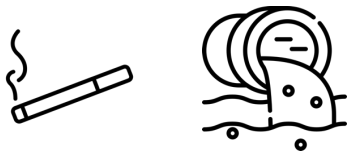


Can we identify the risk factors?



Can we identify the important biological pathways or patterns?

Trace metals



Air pollution

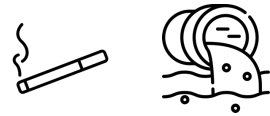


# Measuring multiple exposures and omics layers

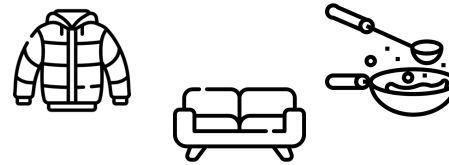
Phthalates and Phenols



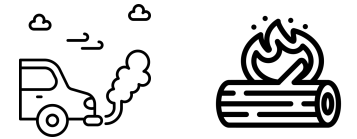
Trace metals



Persistent pollutants (PFAS)



Air pollution



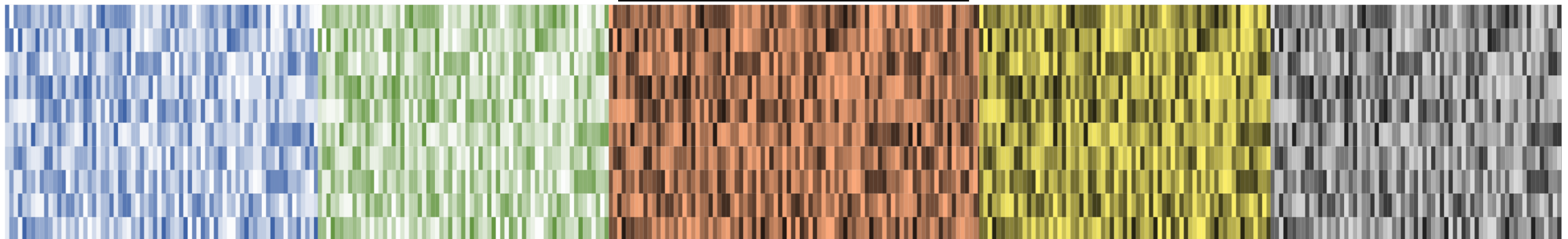
Epigenome

miRNA

Transcriptome

Proteome

Metabolome





Application



n= 1200 mother-child pairs



0

Baseline

2

Birth/Infancy

3

Years

Maternal biomarker-based EDC exposures  
(DDE, PCB-153, PFOA, PFOS, BPA, PBDE, Phthalates, heavy metals)

Pregnancy trimester-specific air pollution  
(PM, NO2, traffic load)



**CHILD LIVER INJURY**  
-Liver Enzymes  
-CK-18  
-Cytokines and Adipokines

Omics Data

- Urinary metabolomics
- Serum metabolomics
- Proteomics
- Methylation
- Transcriptomics
- MicroRNA (miRNA)
- Mitochondrial DNA content

# Liver Injury Risk in the HELIX cohort

Application



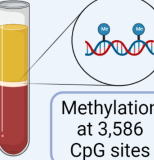
**In Utero Exposure**



**PFAS Exposure**




**Epigenome**



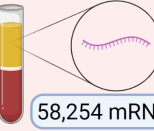
Methylation at 3,586 CpG sites

**microRNA**



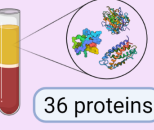
1,117 miRNA

**Transcriptome**



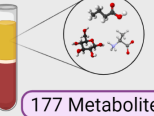
58,254 mRNA

**Proteome**



36 proteins

**Metabolome**



177 Metabolites

**Childhood non-alcoholic fatty liver disease**



**Liver Injury**



# Analysis frameworks for multiple exposures, multiple omics layers, and an outcome

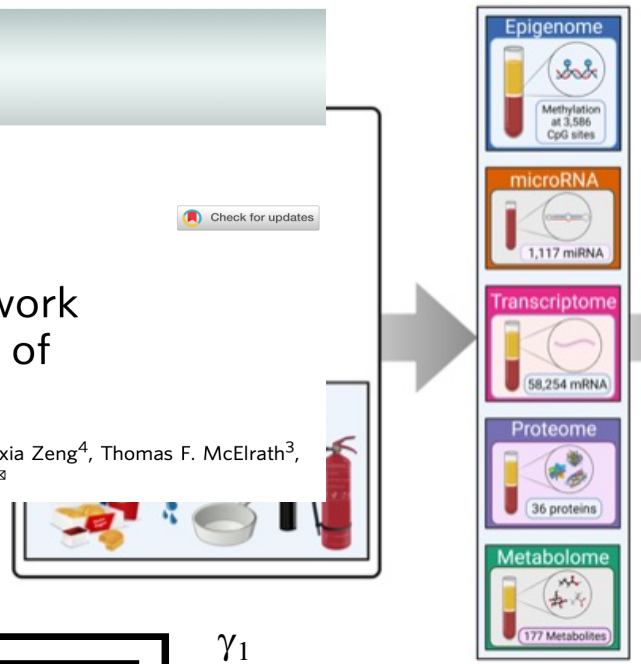


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 OXFORD

ARTICLE  
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-020-19335-2> OPEN

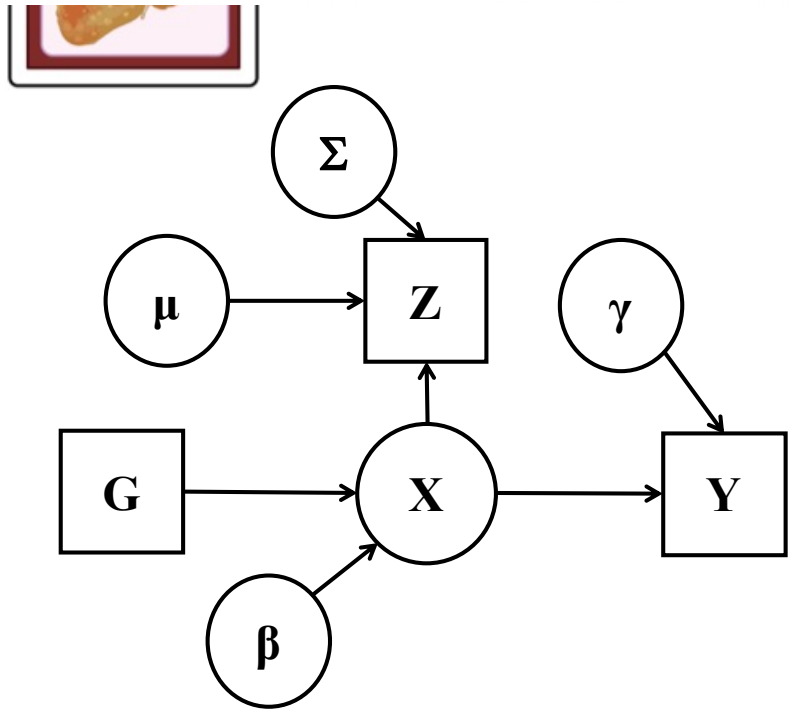
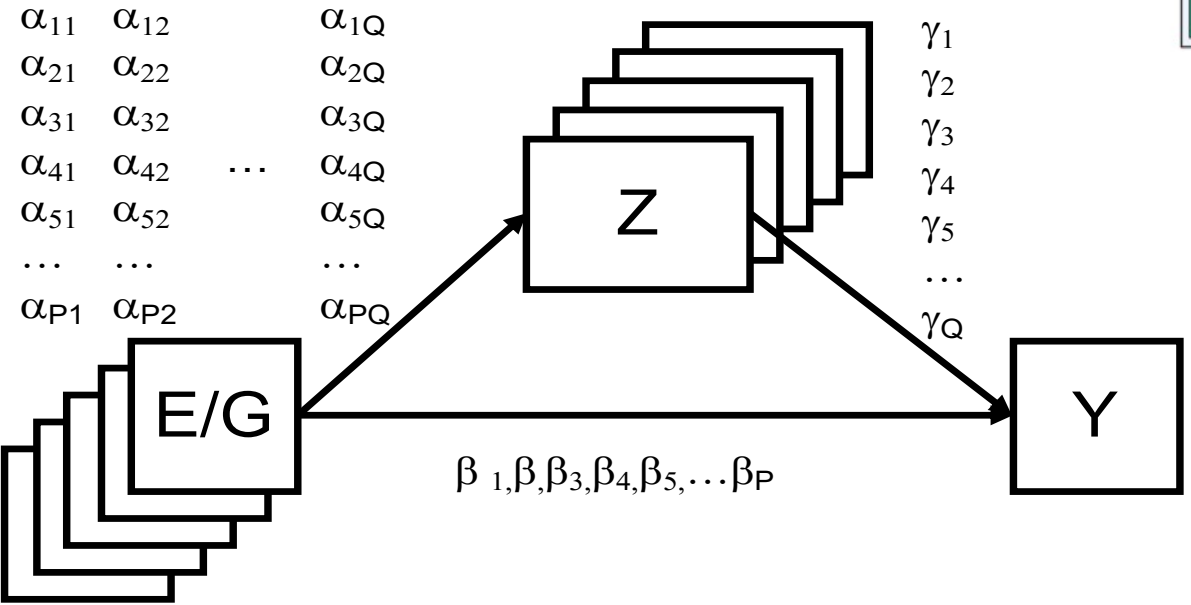
## Application of an analytical framework for multivariate mediation analysis of environmental data

Max T. Aung<sup>1</sup>, Yanyi Song<sup>1</sup>, Kelly K. Ferguson<sup>2</sup>, David E. Cantonwine<sup>3</sup>, Lixia Zeng<sup>4</sup>, Thomas F. McElrath<sup>3</sup>, Subramaniam Pennathur<sup>4,5,6</sup>, John D. Meeker<sup>7</sup> & Bhramar Mukherjee<sup>1,8</sup>



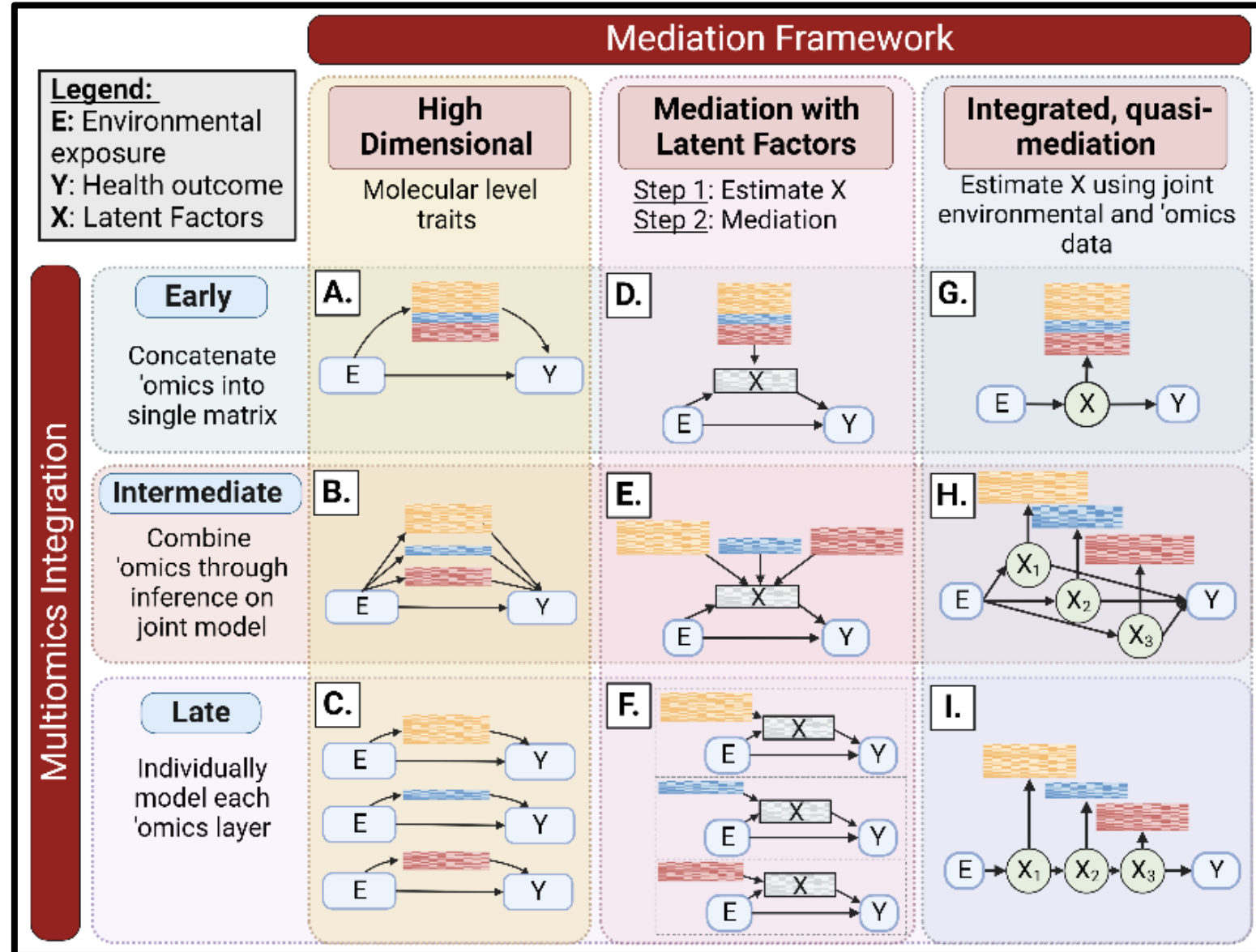
Genetics and population analysis  
**A latent unknown clustering integrating multi-omics data (LUCID) with phenotypic traits**

Cheng Peng<sup>1</sup>, Jun Wang<sup>1</sup>, Isaac Asante<sup>2</sup>, Stan Louie<sup>2</sup>, Ran Jin<sup>1</sup>, Lida Chatzi<sup>1</sup>, Graham Casey<sup>3</sup>, Duncan C. Thomas<sup>1</sup> and David V. Conti<sup>1,\*</sup>



# Multi-omics Integration

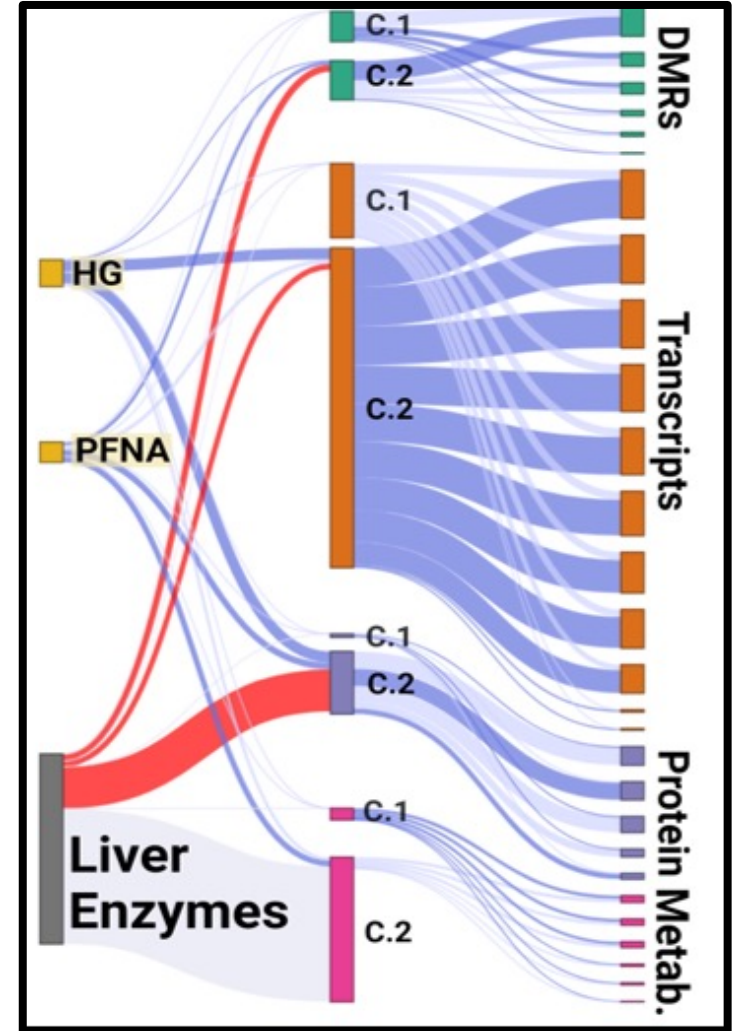
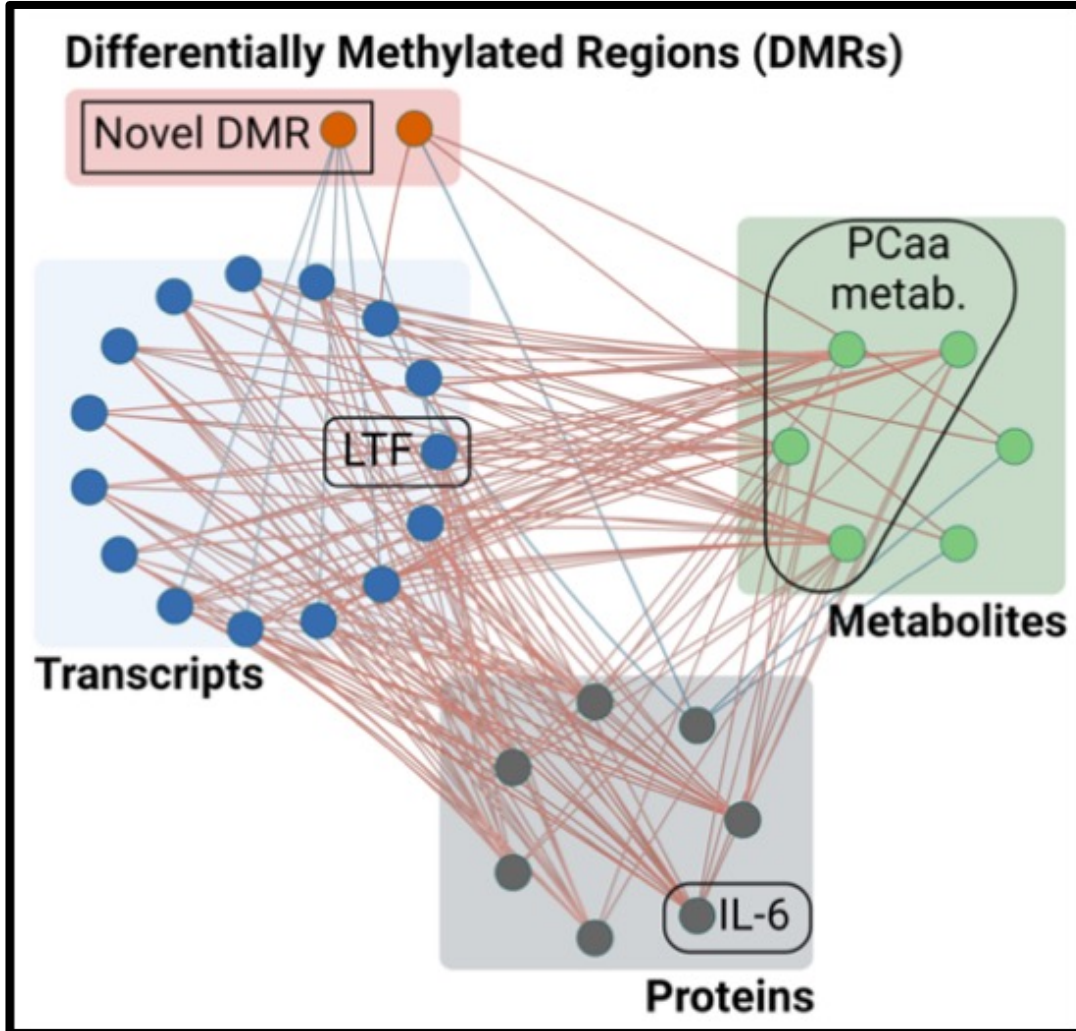
## Analytical Framework





# Liver Injury Risk in the HELIX cohort

Application



# Analytic Considerations

- **Omic features:**
  - High dimensional features within each omic layer.
    - Currently use machine learning for feature selection.
    - Omic features often highly correlated.
  - Balance estimation and inference within and across omic layers.
- **Need to adjust for study design covariates.**
- **Temporal or biological relation to data:**
  - Exposures -> Omics -> Outcome
- **Potential to incorporate external biological info**
  - From experiments, ontologies, etc.

## Overall goals:

- Identify causal features.
- Identify relevant biological patterns.
- Predict outcomes.

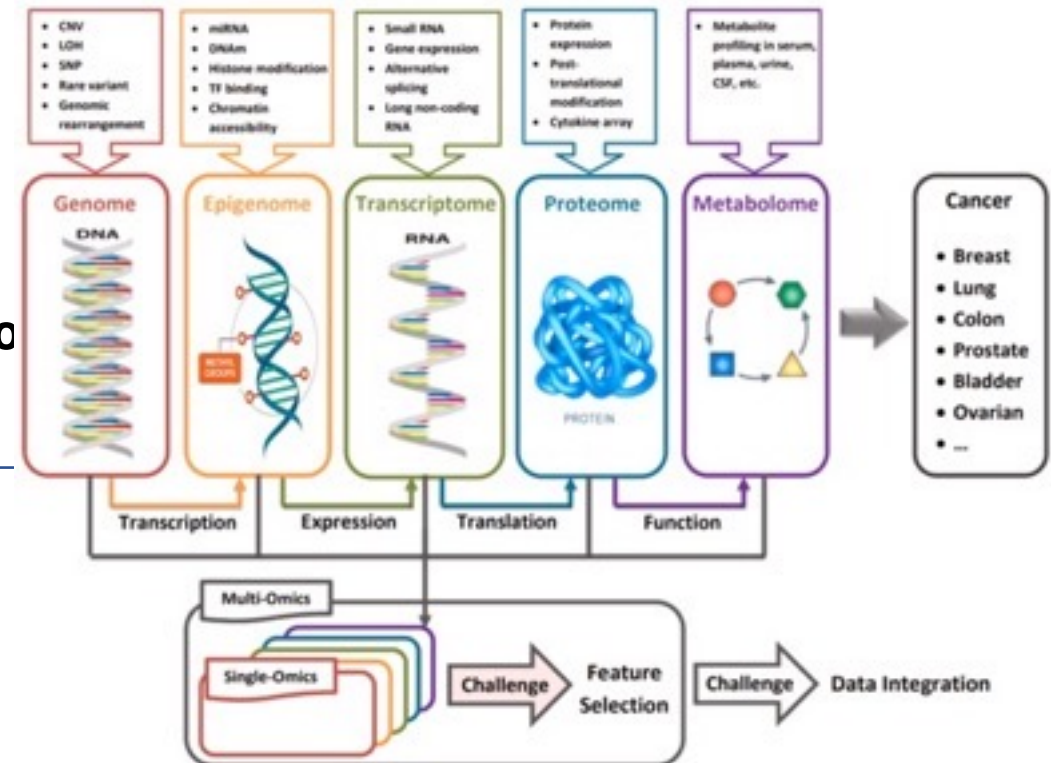


Fig. 1. The overall diagram of relationship between single and multi omics data analysis challenges.